#### PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

Brown the INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINING AUTHORITY

W:

Magnusson Monica Ericsson AB Patent Unit Radio Networks

164 80 Stockholm

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2006-04-04

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NOTIFICATION OF TRANSMITTAL OF INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY (Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Rule 71.1)

IMPORTANT NOTHERATION

Date of mailing (day-month (year)

03-04-2006

Applicant's or agent's file reference

P18737W01

International filing date (day month year)

Priority date (day month year)

International application No. PCT/SE2003/002039

19-12-2003

Applicant

Telefonaktiebolaget LM Ericsson (PUBL) et al

- The applicant is hereby notified that this International Preliminary Examining Authority transmits herewith the international preliminary report on patentability and its annexes, if any, established on the international application.
- A copy of the report and its annexes, if any, is being transmitted to the International Bureau for communication to all the elected Offices.
- Where required by any of the elected Offices, the International Bureau will prepare an English translation of the report (but not of any annexes) and will transmit such translation to those Offices.

#### REMINDER 4.

The applicant most enter the national phase before each elected Office by performing certain acts (filing translations and paying national fees) within 30 months from the priority date (or later in som Offices) (Article 39(f)) (see also the reminder sent by the International Sureau with Form PCT IB 301).

Where a translation of the international application must be furnished to an elected Office, that translation must contain a translation of any appears to the international preliminary report on patentability. It is the applicant's responsibility to prepare and furnish such translation directly to each elected Office concerned.

For further details on the applicable time limits and requirements of the elected Offices, see Volume II of the PCTApplicant's Guide.

The applicant's attention is drawn to Article 33(5), which provides that the criteria of novelty, intentive step and industrial applicability described in Article 33(2) to (4) merely serve the purposes of international preliminary examination and that "any Contracting State may apply additional or different criteria for the purposes of decicing whether, in that State, the claimed invention is patentable or not (see Also Article 27(5)). Such additional criteriamay relate, for example, to exemptions from patentability, requirements for enabling disclosure, clarity and support for the claims.

Name and mailing address of the IPEA. Patent- och registreringsverket 80x 8088 SHOWAR STOCKHOLM Facsimile No. 08-867 72 88

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Telephone No. 08-782-25-00

Form PCT/IPEA/416 (January 2004).

## PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

# **PCT**

## INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference	FOR FURTHER ACTIO	ON See Form P	CT/IPEA/416	
P18737WO1	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
International application No.	International filing date (da	iy/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year)	
PCT/SE2003/002039	19-12-2003		<u> </u>	
International Patent Classification (IPC) o	r national classification and	IPC		
See Supplemental Box				
Applicant	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Telefonaktiebolaget L	M Ericsson (PU	BL) et al		
This report is the international pro Authority under Article 35 and tr			s International Preliminary Examining 36.	
2. This REPORT consists of a total of	of 7 sheets, in	ncluding this cover	sheet.	
This report is also accompanied b	y ANNEXES, comprising:			
		\ <b>.</b> 5		
a. gay (sem is me appream	and to the International Bur			
and/or sheets	description, claims and/or dr containing rectifications autive Instructions).	awings which have horized by this Au	been amended and are the basis of this report thority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the	
sheets which	supersede earlier sheets, but	which this Author	ity considers contain an amendment that goes	
beyond the d	isclosure in the international	application as filed	d, as indicated in item 4 of Box No. I and the	
b (sent to the Internation	**		number of electronic carrier(s))	
form only, as indicate	, containing , containing	a sequence listing Relating to Sequen	and/or tables related thereto, in electronic ce Listing (see Section 802 of the	
Administrative Instru				
4. This report contains indications re	clating to the following items	s:		
	of the report			
Box No. II Priority	y			
Box No. III Non-es	stablishment of opinion with	regard to novelty,	inventive step and industrial applicability	
Box No. IV Lack of unity of invention				
Box No. V Reasor	ned statement under Article 3		o novelty, inventive step or industrial	
applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement  Box No. VI Certain documents cited				
	defects in the international	annlication		
Box No. VIII Certair	observations on the internat	uonai application		
Date of submission of the demand	I	Date of completion	of this report	
01-06-2005		29-03-2006		
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/S		Authorized officer		
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## INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No.

PCT/SE2003/002039

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International patent classification (IPC) H04L 25/02 (2006.01)

Form PCT/IPEA/409 (Supplemental Box) (April 2005)

## INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No.

PCT/SE2003/002039

Box	No. I	Basis of the report	
1.	With r	egard to the language, this report is based on:	
	$\boxtimes$	the international application in the language in which it was filed	
		a translation of the international application into which is the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of:	,
		international search (Rules 12.3(a) and 23.1(b))	
		publication of the international application (Rule 12.4(a))	
		international preliminary examination (Rules 55.2(a) and/or 55.3(a))	
2.	furnis	regard to the elements of the international application, this report is based on (rephed to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to be not annexed to this report):	
		the international application as originally filed/furnished	
	$\boxtimes$	the description:	
			as originally filed/furnished
		pages* received by this Authority on	
	<u> </u>	pages* received by this Authority on	
İ	$\boxtimes$	the claims:	
		pages	as originally filed/furnished
		pages* as amended (together with pages* as amended together with pages* as a mended together with pages*	
•		pages* received by this Authority on	
	$\nabla$	the drawings:	
		-	as originally filed/furnished
Ì		pages* received by this Authority on	
		pages* received by this Authority on	
		a sequence listing and/or any related table(s) - see Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence	ence Listing.
3.		The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:	
		the description, pages	
1		the claims, Nos.	
		the drawings, sheets/figs	
1		the sequence listing (specify):	
		any table(s) related to the sequence listing (specify):	
4.		This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments annexed to this re made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed, as indica 70.2(c)).	
		the description, pages	
		the claims, Nos.	
		the drawings, sheets/figs	
		the sequence listing (specify):	
		any table(s) related to the sequence listing (specify):	
*	If ite	m 4 applies, some or all of those sheets may be marked "superseded."	

International application No.

PCT/SE2003/002039

Box No. V	Reasoned statement u citations and explanat		35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or indusing such statement	trial applicability;
1. Statement			•	
Novelty (N)	ty (N)	Claims	6-14,16-20,22-25	YES
		Claims	1-5. 15 and 21	NO
Inventive step (IS)	Claims		YES	
		Claims	1-25	NO
Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims	1-25	YES	
		Claims		NO

#### 2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7)

#### The claimed invention

The invention concerns a method, signal format and device for estimating multipath channel parameters and composing channel based on the measurement messages estimated parameters. The invention solves the problem with too large an of data being transmitted between receiver transmitter, wherein the information transmitted representation of the channel function. The channel function representation is used for advanced adaptation of the coding, bit rate and modulation format in the transmitter. The aim is to provide detailed channel information to the transmitter with a minimized amount of transmission capacity.

The problems are solved by a receiver estimating and transmitting parameters of the channel filter function to the transmitter.

#### Prior-art

Reference is made to the following documents:

D1: "Theoretical bounds on the estimation and prediction of multipath time-varying channels", by Barbarossa S. et al.

D2: "Space-time transmit strategies and channel feedback generation for wireless fading channels", by Visotsky E. et al

D3: "Adaptive transmitting antenna arrays with feedback", by Gerlach D. et al.

D4: "A multipath channel model for mobile-radio communications", by Papantoniou S.J.

.../...

#### INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No.

PCT/SE2003/002039

#### Supplemental Box

In case the space in any of the preceding boxes is not sufficient. Continuation of: Box  $\,V\,$ 

Document D1 describes a simple and effective method for estimating channel parameters such as path delays, amplitudes, phases and frequencies. Since the channel impulse response varies rapidly and its physical parameters, such as reflection coefficients, delays and Doppler shifts vary much slower, channel parameters rather than the impulse response samples are estimated and transmitted back to the transmitter. The transmitter uses the channel parameters for channel prediction and to optimize the coding strategy (see for example page 2545-2546 Chapter 1 Introduction and Chapter 2 Channel Model).

Documents D2-D4 represent the general state of the art.

#### Statement of reason

In response to the written opinion, the applicant states that document D1 does not present a method that provides a message format with detailed channel information while requiring minimised transmission capacity.

Document D1 states that a receiver estimates the channel and sends channel status information back to the transmitter and that it is desirable to avoid frequent channel estimates (see D1 page 2545 left-column approx. lines 30-40). Therefore, a solution is presented wherein the receiver computes a parametric model and rather than transmitting the impulse response samples it is more efficient to compute and transmit reflection coefficients, delays and Doppler shifts (see D1 page 2545 right-column lines 10-18).

All transmissions between a transmitter-receiver pair must include a defined message format. D1 does not mention such a message format, but it is evident that document D1 contains such a message format, wherein the computed parameters such as coefficients, reflection Doppler delays and shifts transmitted. Further, independent claims the your application do not specify the message format more than that it includes "a part for parameter representation and a part indicating the manner of representing said parameters", i.e. any message format.

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#### Supplemental Box

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The applicant further argues that "Further, with guidance of claims 1 and 21, D1 is completely silent and does not provide any disclosure of a representation of (1) complex parameters of at least a selection of parts of the channel filter function, (2) the possibility to represent the information as actual or incremental values, (3) a channel measurement message including a part for parameter representation and a

part indicating the manner of representing said parameters".

- Document D1 describes, as mentioned above, that reflection coefficients, delays and Doppler shifts are computed from a multi-path channel model (see D1 equation 1, and page 2545 last lines on right-column).
- 2. Document D1 computes and updates regularly the channel estimates, i.e. the reflection coefficients, delays and Doppler shifts parameters. The time between successive updates of the parameters is studied in D1 Chapter 3.
- 3. Document D1 does not mention a message format(as stated above), but the independent claims in your application do not specify the message format more than that it includes "a part for parameter representation and a part indicating the manner of representing said parameters", i.e. any message format.

### Claims 1, 15 and 21

Document D1 describes a method for estimating parameters of a multipath channel model, wherein the channel model is divided in different parts representing amplitude, delay, Doppler shift and different multipath components. The channel model parameters are transmitted to a transmitter unit, wherein the parameters are used to optimize downlink coding strategies (see for example D1 Chapters 1-2).

Consequently, the subject matter of claims 1, 15 and 21 is previously known and therefore lacks novelty.

#### Claim 23

Document D1 is considered to represent the closest prior art. D1 describes a method for estimating and transmitting channel model parameters of a sub-divided channel model from a receiver to a transmitter.

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PCT/SE2003/002039

#### Supplemental Box

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The invention according to claim 23 differs from the method in D1 in that the transmitter requests a certain representation of the content of a channel measurement message.

Due to these features, the transmitter can decide when and how to receive a measurement report.

Consequently, with the background of D1, the problem is to design a device which can control a certain service, in this case the transmission of measurement reports.

However, for a person skilled in the art it is well known to ask for a service by sending a request indicating what service is to be received.

Therefore, it is considered obvious for a person skilled in the art to design an apparatus which transmits requests indicating the requested channel measurement parameters, as in claim 23

Thus, the subject-matter of claim 23 does not involve an inventive step

#### Claims 2-5

The subject matter of claims 2-5 describes: a channel filter function as a summing of sub-divided parts of the channel filter function, the sub-divided parts comprising information of significance, the channel filter function being represented as a channel impulse response and the channel filter function being reproduced as complex amplitude and phase parameters values.

From document D1, it is previously known to represent the channel model as a function being sub-divided in parts (see D1 equation 4), the channel filter function being composed of an impulse response (see D1 equation 2), and complex amplitude hq, delay Tq and frequency fq (see D1 equation 4 or 5).

Consequently, the subject matter of claims 2-5 is previously known and therefore lacks novelty.

## Claims 6-14, 16-20, 22 and 24-25

The remaining claims are considered to involve particular detail executions obvious to a person skilled in the art.

#### CLAIMS

- 1. A method in a receiver unit (12) intended to receive communication signals from a transmitter unit (11) via a multipath channel (14), said method including
- 5 estimating parameters of a channel filter function of said channel from said received communication signals from the transmitter unit (11),

sub-dividing the channel filter function into two or more parts, a function of which representing an approximation of the estimated full channel filter function,

## characterised by

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representing the complex parameters of at least a selection of said parts of the channel filter function as actual parameter values, or as incremental values indicating the difference to a reference value,

composing a channel measurement message to be transmitted to the transmitter unit (11) of a portion including said parameter representations and a portion indicating the manner of representing said parameters.

- 20 2. The method according to claim 1, whereby said function performs a summing of the sub-divided parts of the channel filter function.
  - 3. The method according to claim 1 or 2, whereby the subdivided parts of the channel filter function comprise channel information of a ranked degree of significance.
  - 4. The method according to one of claims 1-3, whereby the channel filter function is represented as a channel impulse response in the time-domain.

- 5. The method according to claim 4, whereby the complex parameters of the channel impulse response are reproduced as amplitude and phase values.
- 6. The method according to claim 4, whereby the primary subdivided filter function includes a representation of one or more of the most significant channel components.
  - 7. The method according to claim 6, whereby the most significant channel component is the component having the shortest delay.
- 8. The method according to one of claims 1-3, whereby the channel filter function is represented as a channel frequency response in the frequency-domain.

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- 9. The method according to claim 8, whereby a complex parameter of the channel frequency response is reproduced at least as an amplitude value and optionally by an additional phase value.
- 10. The method according to claim 1, whereby the complex parameters of said parts of the channel filter function are represented by their actual values in case of a significant change compared to a previous reference value.
- 11. The method according to claim 10, whereby the reference value corresponds to a previous channel parameter representation.
- 12. The method according to claim 10, whereby the reference value corresponds to a modelled estimate of the channel filter function.
  - 13. The method according to claim 12, whereby the modelled estimate is a interpolation of the channel filter function from the complex parameters of the channel filter function.

- 14. The method according to claim 12, whereby said modelled estimate of the channel filter function has been received by the transmitter unit.
- (15.) A message format for representing a channel filter function,

#### characterised in

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- a first portion (32) representing each of the complex parameters of the sub-divided parts of the channel filter function by at least an amplitude value and optionally by an additional phase value.
- 16. The message format according to claim 15, further comprising
- a second portion (31) comprising an indication of the manner of representing said complex parameters including at least an indication  $\alpha$  (312) denoting the influence of previously measured parameter values.
  - 17. The message format according to claim 16, whereby lpha is a binary value.
- 18. The message format according to claim 16 or 17, whereby said second portion comprises an indication of the domain within which the channel filter function is represented.
  - 19. The message format according to one of claims 16-18, whereby said second portion (31) includes an indication (313) of the sampling period for the complex parameter values of the sub-divided parts of the channel filter function.
  - 20. The message format according to claim 15, whereby said representations of the complex parameters of the sub-divided parts of the channel filter function are associated to an indication (321) of a time or frequency instance.



21) An apparatus intended for processing communication signals received via a multipath channel, comprising

means for estimating parameters of a channel filter function of said channel from said received communication signals from the transmitter unit,

means for sub-dividing the channel filter function into two or more parts, a function of which representing the estimated full channel filter function.

### characterised in

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- 10 means for representing the complex parameters of at least a selection of the sub-divided channel filter function as actual parameter values, or as incremental values indicating the difference to a reference value,
- means for composing a channel measurement message to be transmitted to the transmitter unit including said set of parameter representations and a header field indicating the manner of representing said parameters.
  - 22. The apparatus according to claim 21, which is integrated in a mobile user equipment.
- 20 23. An apparatus in a transmitter unit for transmitting communication signals to a receiver unit,

#### characterised in

means for indicating a requested representation of the content of a channel measurement message to be transmitted to the transmitter unit in terms of the manner of said representation.

24. The apparatus according to claim 23, further including means for indicating at least an amplitude value and optionally an additional phase value of the complex parameters of a modelled estimate of sub-divided parts of a

channel filter function as actual parameter values, or as incremental values indicating the difference to a reference value.

25. The apparatus according to claim 23 or 24, which is integrated in a radio base station.